

International Application No. PCT/EP99/06580

### APPENDIX OF CLAIMS

1. A data carrier having a semiconductor chip (5) with at least one memory containing an operating program which is able to execute at least one operation ( $h$ ), the execution of the operation ( $h$ ) requiring input data ( $x$ ) and the execution of the operation ( $h$ ) generating output data ( $y$ ), characterized in that

the operation ( $h$ ) is disguised before its execution,

the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) is executed with disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ), and

the disguising of the operation ( $h$ ) and the input data ( $x$ ) is coordinated such that the execution of the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) with disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ) yields output data ( $y$ ) identical with the output data ( $y$ ) determined upon execution of the undisguised operation ( $h$ ) with undisguised input data ( $x$ ).

2. A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that at least one random number ( $R_1$ ) enters into the determination of the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) and the disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ).

A 1  
3(amended). A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that the determination of the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) and the disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ) is effected with the aid of EXOR operations.

4(amended). A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) is permanently stored in the data carrier in advance.

5. A data carrier according to claim 4, characterized in that at least two disguised operations ( $h_{R_1}, h_{R_2}$ ) are permanently stored in the data carrier in advance

and one of the stored disguised operations ( $h_{R_1}$ ,  $h_{R_2}$ ) is selected randomly when a disguised operation is to be executed.

A2  
6(amended). A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) is recalculated before its execution and the at least one random number ( $R_1$ ) is redetermined for said calculation.

7(amended). A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that the operation ( $h$ ) is realized by a table stored in the data carrier which establishes an association between the input data ( $x$ ) and the output data ( $y$ ).

8. A data carrier according to claim 7, characterized in that the disguising of the input data ( $x$ ) contained in the table is effected by combination with the at least one random number ( $R_1$ ).

9. A data carrier having a semiconductor chip (5) with at least one memory containing an operating program which is able to execute at least one operation ( $h$ ), the execution of the operation ( $h$ ) requiring input data ( $x$ ) and the execution of the operation ( $h$ ) generating output data ( $y$ ), characterized in that

the operation ( $h$ ) is disguised before its execution,

the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1}$ ) is executed with disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ),

the disguising of the operation ( $h$ ) and the input data ( $x$ ) is coordinated such that the execution of the disguised operation ( $h_{R_1R_2}$ ) with disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ) yields output data ( $y \otimes R_2$ ) which are disguised relative to the output data ( $y$ ) determined upon execution of the undisguised operation ( $h$ ) with undisguised input data ( $x$ ), and

the undisguised output data ( $y$ ) can be determined from the disguised output data ( $y \otimes R_2$ ) with the aid of data ( $R_2$ ) used for disguising the operation ( $h$ ).

10. A data carrier according to claim 9, characterized in that at least one random number ( $R_1$ ) enters into the determination of the disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ) and at least two random numbers ( $R_1, R_2$ ) enter into the determination of the disguised operations ( $h_{R1R2}$ ).

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11(amended). A data carrier according to claim 9, characterized in that the determination of the disguised operation ( $h_{R1R2}$ ) and the disguised input data ( $x \otimes R_1$ ) is effected with the aid of EXOR operations.

12(amended). A data carrier according to claim 9, characterized in that the disguised operation ( $h_{R1R2}$ ) is permanently stored in the data carrier in advance.

13. A data carrier according to claim 12, characterized in that at least two disguised operations ( $h_{R1R2}, h_{R1'R2'}$ ) are permanently stored in the data carrier in advance and one of the stored disguised operations ( $h_{R1R2}, h_{R1'R2'}$ ) is selected randomly when a disguised operation is to be executed.

14. A data carrier according to claim 13, characterized in that the random numbers ( $R_1, R_2$ ) for determining the first disguised operation ( $h_{R1R2}$ ) are inverse to the random numbers ( $R_1', R_2'$ ) for determining the second disguised operation ( $h_{R1'R2'}$ ) with respect to the combination used for determining the disguised operations ( $h_{R1R2}, h_{R1'R2'}$ ).

A<sup>4</sup>  
15(amended). A data carrier according to claim 9, characterized in that the disguised operation ( $h_{R1R2}$ ) is recalculated before its execution and the random numbers ( $R_1, R_2$ ) are redetermined for said calculation.

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16(amended). A data carrier according to claim 9, characterized in that the operation ( $h$ ) is realized by a table stored in the data carrier which establishes an association between the input data ( $x$ ) and the output data ( $y$ ).

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17. A data carrier according to claim 16, characterized in that the disguising of the input data ( $x$ ) contained in the table is effected by combination with the at least one random number ( $R_1$ ) and the disguising of the output data ( $y$ ) contained in the table is effected by combination with the at least one further random number ( $R_2$ ).

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*A5*  
18(amended). A data carrier according to claim 1, characterized in that the operation ( $h$ ) is a nonlinear operation with respect to the combination used for disguising the operation ( $h$ ).

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